



Accounting Policy

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Changes:

Depreciation introduced on Leasehold Land – Nov 22

Accounting Policy

Basis of preparation

The financial statements will be prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, the Charity Commission 'Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities' ('SORP 2005'), the Academies Accounts Direction issued by the YPLA and the Companies Act 2006. A summary of the principal accounting policies, which will be applied consistently, except where noted, is set out below.

Going Concern

The trustees will assess whether the use of the "going concern principle" is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Trust to continue as a going concern. The trustees will make the assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of the approval of the financial statements.

Recognition of incoming resources

These will be on a receivable basis.

- Grants Receivable will be included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period will be shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt its recognition will be deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income will be accrued.
- Donations are recognised on a receivable basis where there is certainty of receipt and the amount can be reliably measured.
- Sponsorship income provided to the Academies which amounts to a donation will be recognised in the SOFA in the period in which it is receivable, with the exception of School Trips (restricted fund) if this income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt its recognition will be deferred. Any sponsorship money received with no restriction on its use will be credited to the unrestricted fund in the SOFA.
- Donated services and gifts in kind - The value of donated services and gifts in kind provided to the Academy Trust will be recognised at their open market value in the period in which they are receivable as incoming resources, where the benefit to the Academy Trust can be reliably measured. An equivalent amount will be included as expenditure under the relevant heading in the SOFA, except where the gift in kind is a fixed asset in which case the amount will be included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with Academy Trust's policies.
- Other income, including catering income will be recognised in the period it is receivable.

Recognition of Resources expended

All expenditure will be recognised in the period in which a liability is incurred and will be classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they will be allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs will be allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

- Costs of generating funds - These will be costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.
- Charitable activities – These will be costs incurred on the Academy Trust’s educational operations.
- Governance Costs will include the costs attributable to the Academy Trust’s compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and Governor’s meetings and reimbursed expenses.
- Resources will be recorded net of VAT, with the exception of business costs where VAT is irrecoverable. They will be classified under headings that aggregate all costs relating to that activity.

VAT

The Trust will need to become VAT registered, as the trading activity of the trust will attract income over the £85,000 limit for the company to be registered for VAT. This is as a result of The Brooksbank School joining the trust in November 2022. Currently the Trust completes a VAT126 claim on a regular basis to claim back VAT on expenditure incurred as part of its charitable activity.

Accounting for fixed assets

Assets costing £3,000 or more will be capitalised as tangible fixed assets and will be carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Where tangible fixed assets are acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they will be included in the Balance Sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. The related grants will be credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the SOFA and carried forward in the Balance Sheet. Depreciation on such assets will be charged to the restricted fixed asset fund in the SOFA so as to reduce the fund over the useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the Academy Trust’s depreciation policy.

Depreciation

Depreciation will be provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful lives, as follows:

- Freehold buildings (50 years) 2%
- Leasehold Land for the period of the academy lease of 125 years. This does not apply to freehold land (Ryburn and Brooksbank as previous foundation schools)
- Improvements to Buildings (20 years) 5%
- Fixtures, fittings and equipment (8 years) 12.5%
- ICT equipment (3 years) 33.3%
- Motor Vehicles (5 years) 20%

Assets in the course of construction will be included at cost. Depreciation on these assets will not be charged until they are brought into use.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset will be carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial

Activities. Fixed asset disposals are to be removed from the fixed asset register and the fixed asset/ depreciation accounts adjusted as necessary.

Leased Assets

Rentals under operating leases will be charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Investments

The Academy does not hold any investments at the current time. The accounting policy will be determined if and when the need arises.

Stock

All stock over the value of £1000 needs to be valued and recorded in the accounts. The expenditure code where the stock is held will be credited and the stock account debited as at 31st August, this will be reversed at 1st September in the new accounting period.

The types of stock, the trust may hold include uniform stock, catering provisions stock, consumables for sale, such as stationary/revision guides etc.

Taxation

The Academy Trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the Academy Trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Pensions Benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the Academy Trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes, contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme ('SERPS'), and the assets are held separately from those of the Academy Trust.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of Pension's over the employees' working lives with the Academy Trust, in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quinquennial valuations using a prospective benefit method. The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and the Academy Trust is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme and the contributions recognised as they are paid each year. The ESFA requires each trust to carry an annual external audit of the Teachers pensions scheme as at the 31st March each year.

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the Academy Trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations will be obtained at least triennially and will be updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus will be the current service costs and gains and losses on

settlements and curtailments. They will be included as part of staff costs. Past service costs are recognised immediately in the SOFA if the benefits have vested. If the benefits have not vested immediately, the costs are recognised over the period until vesting occurs.

The expected return on assets and the interest cost will be shown as a net finance amount of other finance costs or credits adjacent to interest. Actuarial gains and losses will be recognised immediately in other gains and losses. The last actuary for the Trust was carried out for the 3 years commencing April 2020. The employer contribution rates are as follows:

- April 2020 - 15.6%
- April 2021 - 16.1%
- April 2022 - 16.6%

Fund Accounting

- Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the Academy Trust at the discretion of the trustees/governors.
- Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) or other Funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.
- Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received and include grants from the ESFA